

IPHA Technical Seminar 2015

October 21-22, Malmö - Sweden

Prestressed Hollowcore Floors
New *fib* - recommendations
- update -



Stef MAAS

fib COM6 Prefabrication



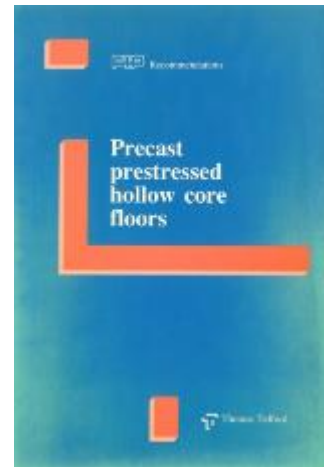
INTERNATIONAL PRESTRESSED
HOLLOWCORE ASSOCIATION

in cooperation with



History

-
- **1988 - Precast prestressed hollowcore floors (Thomas Telfort),**
- **2000 - Special design recommendations for precast prestressed hollowcore floors**
- **2015 - New recommendations**
Main work item of TG 6.1
 - Content accepted until 12/2015
 - 2016 editing + approval



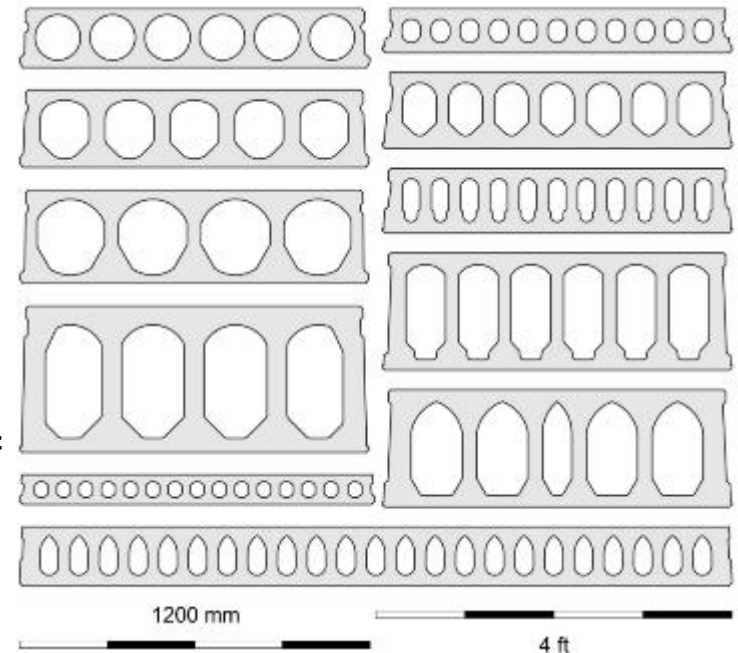
New recommendations: Why?

■ Why this update?

- 25 000 000 m²/y annual production
- 40-60 % precast flooring
- Evolutions over last decades
- Partially covered in bulletin 6
- Actual state of the art in this document
- Experiences and gathered knowledge of last decade
- Need for good [calculation examples](#)

■ Scope

- Prestressed elements
- Depth ≤ 500 mm
- Width ≤ 1200 mm



Content

1. **Introduction**
2. **Description of hollow core units and floor systems**
3. **Design of the cross-section**
4. **Design of hollow core floors**
5. **Building physics**
6. **Environmental issues**
7. **HC in seismic regions**
8. **Design considerations regarding finished elements**
9. **Design considerations regarding manufacture**



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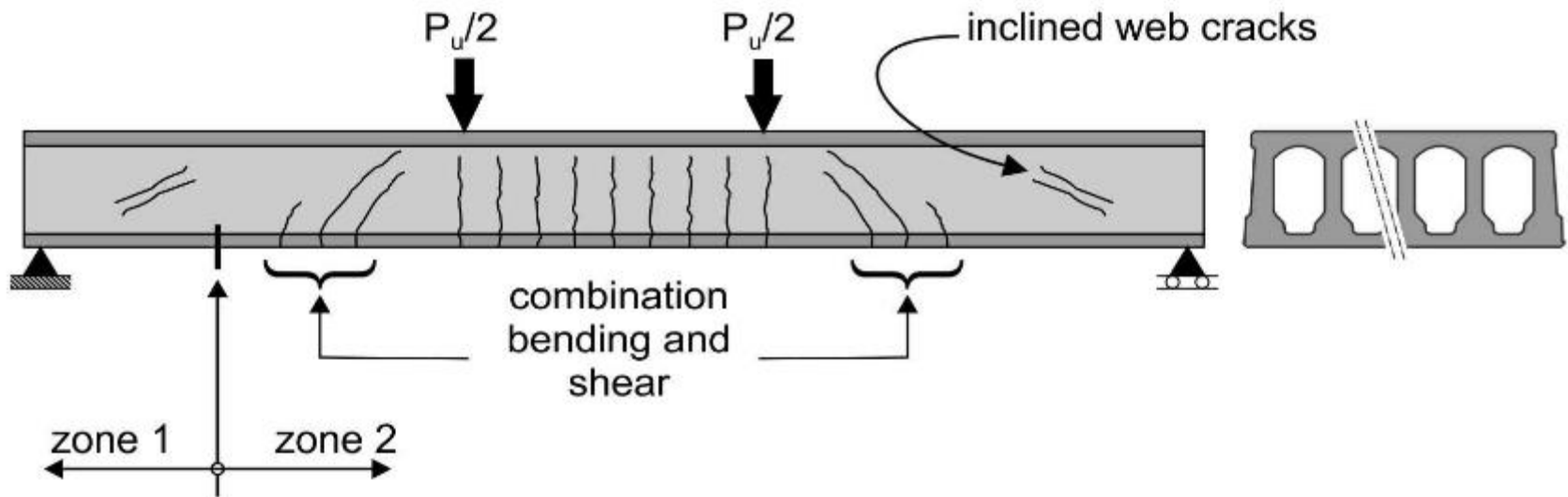
Chapter 3: Design of the CSS

- 3.1 **General design principles**
- 3.2 **Basic design principles**
- 3.3 **Stresses in the transmission zone**
- 3.4 **Flexural capacity**
- 3.5 **Shear capacity**
- 3.6 **Shear and bending interaction**
- 3.7 **Shear capacity of elements subjected to torsion**
- 3.8 **Shear and torsion interaction**
- 3.9 **Punching**
- 3.10 **Camber design and deflection**
- 3.11 **Protruding strands**

Chapter 3: Design of the CSS

3.5 Shear capacity

- Regions **cracked** in bending
- Regions **not cracked** in bending



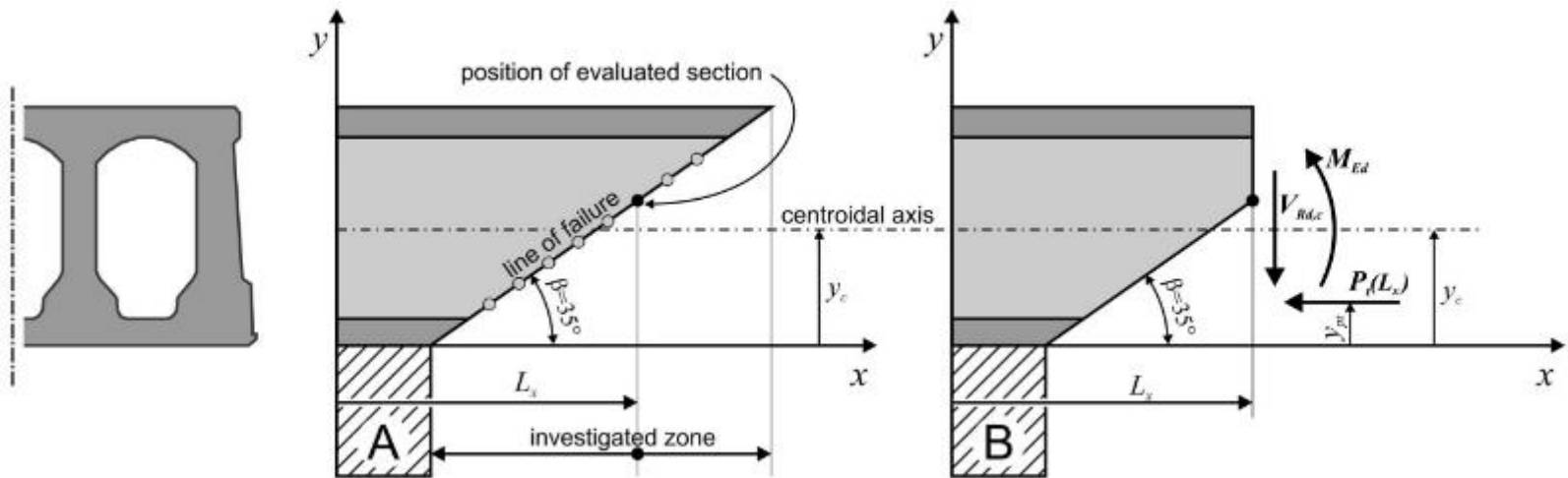
Chapter 3: Design of the CSS

Regions **not cracked** in bending

- More accurate method

$$V_{Rd,c} = \frac{I \cdot b_w}{S} \sqrt{f_{ctd}^2 + \alpha \sigma_{cp} f_{ctd}}$$

$$V_{Rd,c} = \frac{I \cdot b_w(y)}{S_c(y)} \left(\sqrt{f_{ctd}^2 + \sigma_{cp}(y) \cdot f_{ctd}} - \tau_{cp}(y) \right)$$



Chapter 3: Design of the CSS

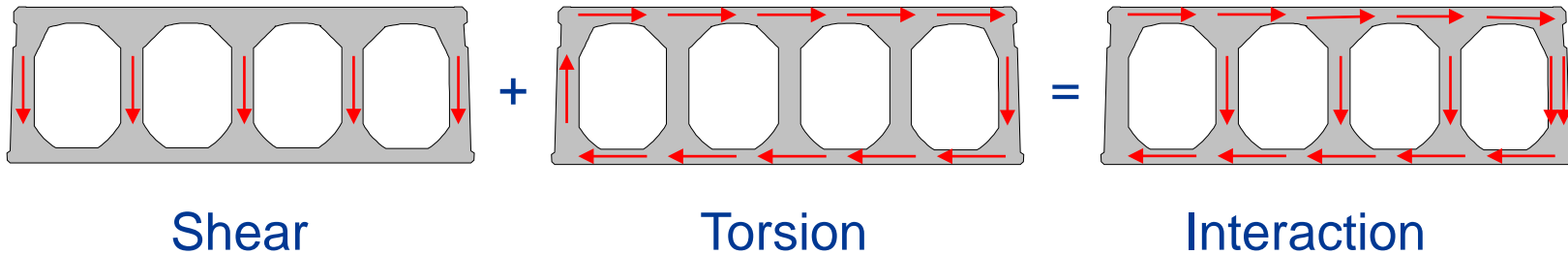
3.6 Shear and bending interaction

When both shear and bending is present both cannot be independently fully utilized in the same position and it is suggested that the combined action needs to fulfil the following interaction formula for each position in the region cracked in bending

$$U_{d,MV,Combined} = \left[\left(\frac{M_{Ed}}{M_{Rd}} \right)^4 + \left(\frac{V_{Ed}}{V_{Rd,c}} \right)^4 \right]^{\frac{1}{4}} \leq 1$$

Chapter 3: Design of the CSS

3.8 Shear and torsion interaction

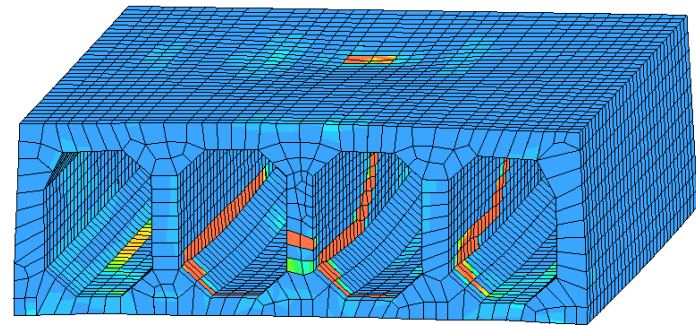
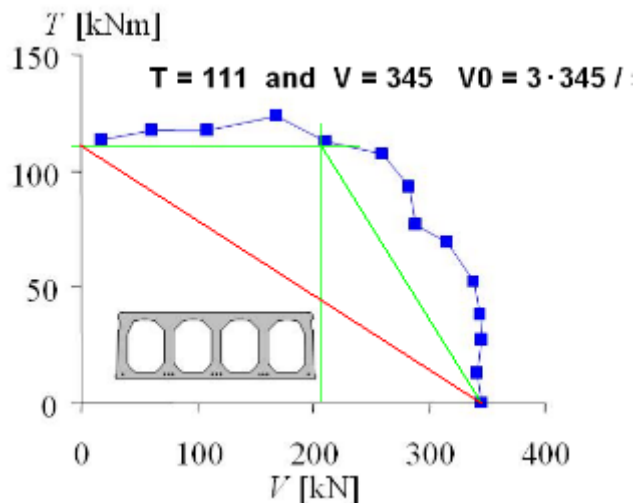


**Extensive research programme
funded by the European
Commission under the
“Competitive and Sustainable
Growth” Programme
(1998 – 2002)**

Chapter 3: Design of the CSS

3.8 Shear and torsion interaction

- **Sophisticated way (Holcotos)**

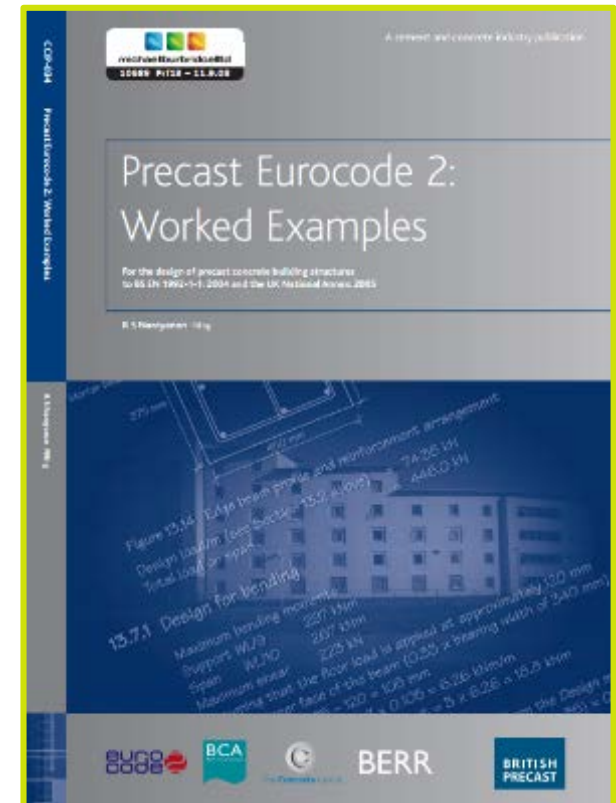


- **This bulletin: 5-step simplified method**

Chapter 3: Design of the CSS

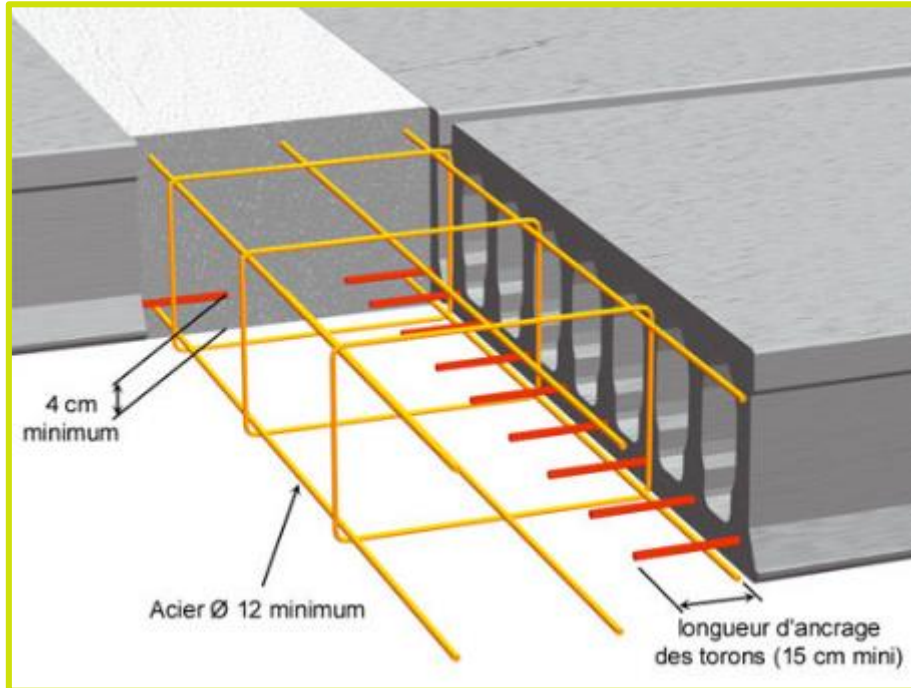
3.10 Camber design and deflection

- **Simplified method ASSAP**
 - Camber
 - Deflections
- **Expected differences**



Chapter 3: Design of the CSS

3.11 Protruding strands



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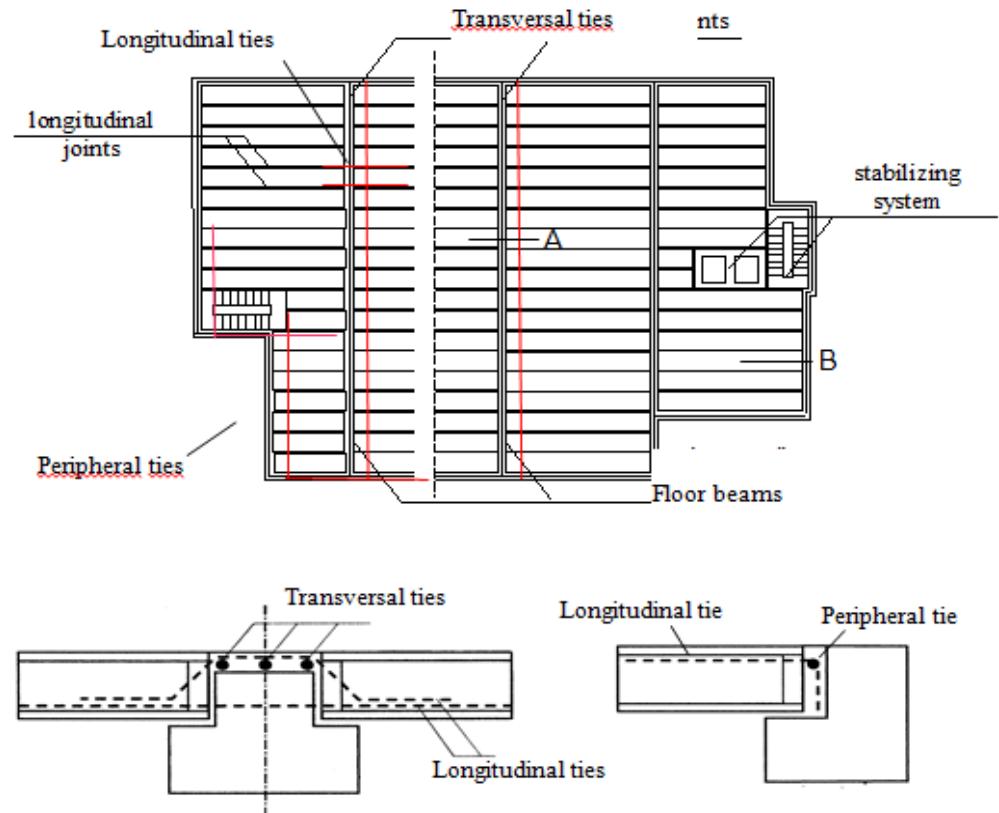


Chapter 4: design of the floor

- 4.1 General
- 4.2 Structural integrity
- 4.3 In plane actions
- 4.4 **Transversal load distribution**
- 4.5 Structural topping and composite action
- 4.6 Non-rigid supports
- 4.7 Design of cantilevering slabs
- 4.8 Unintended support restraint
- 4.9 HC floors subjected to horizontal actions
- 4.10 **Dynamic actions and vibrations**
- 4.11 **Fire resistance**
- 4.12 Connections
- 4.13 Light load fixings
- 4.14 **Openings and block-outs**

Chapter 4: design of the floor

4.2.1 Tie systems

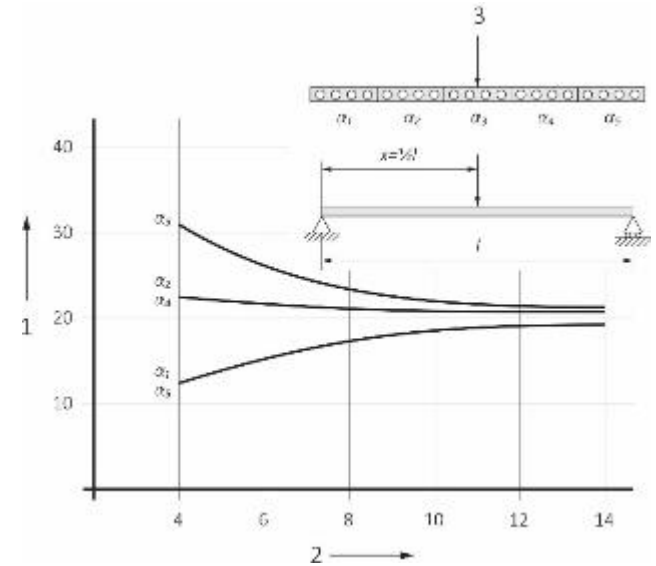
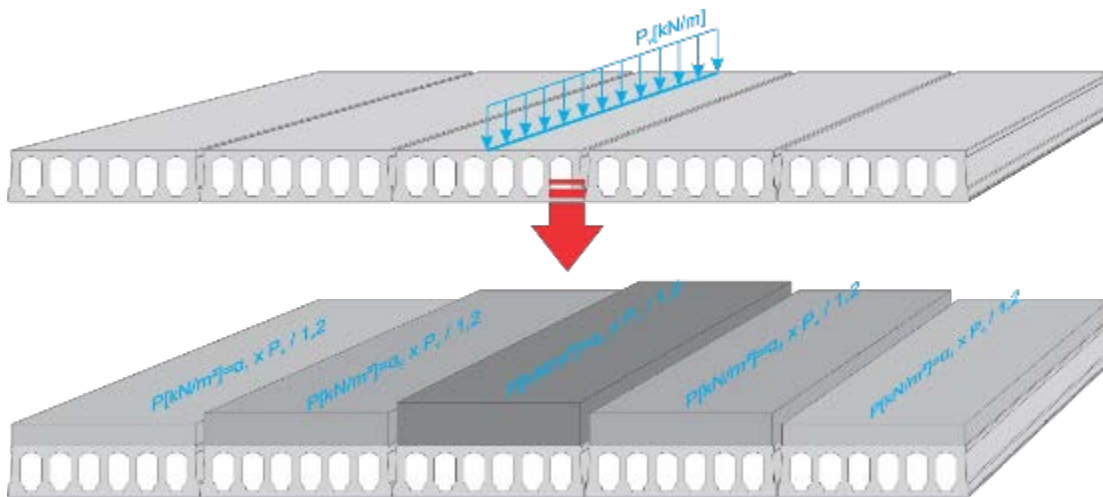


Chapter 4: design of the floor



Chapter 4: design of the floor

4.4 Transversal load distribution



Chapter 4: design of the floor

4.11 Fire resistance

■ Approach of EN 1168

□ R criterion

■ Bending capacity

■ Shear capacity

□ Calculation method
(calibrated empirical formula)

$$V_{Rdc,fi} = [C_{\theta,1} + \alpha_k \cdot C_{\theta,2}] \cdot b_w \cdot d$$

□ Tabulated data

■ E and I

□ Minimum dimensions (tabulated data)

Chapter 4: design of the floor

Calculation shear capacity

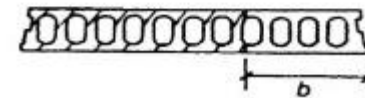
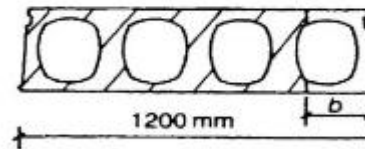
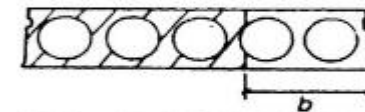
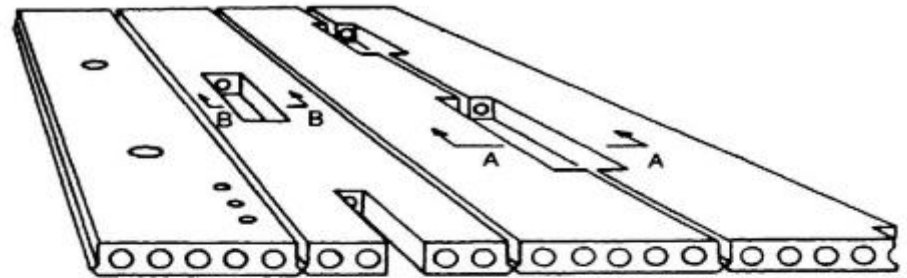
| $V_{Rd,c,fi}/V_{rd,c,cold}$ (%) | Slab thickness [mm] | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|------|---------|------|---------|
| | 160 | 200 | 240-280 | 320 | 360-400 |
| Fire resistance | 160 | 200 | 240-280 | 320 | 360-400 |
| REI 60 | 70 % | 65 % | 60 % | 60 % | 55 % |
| REI 90 | 65 % | 60 % | 60 % | 55 % | 50 % |
| REI 120 | 60 % | 60 % | 55 % | 50 % | 50 % |
| REI 180 | 45 % | 50 % | 50 % | 45 % | 45 % |

Example of the shear capacity under fire conditions ($V_{Rd,c,fi}$) as a percentage of the shear capacity in ambient (cold) conditions ($V_{Rd,c,cold}$)

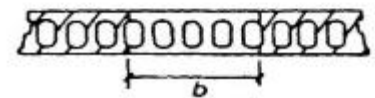
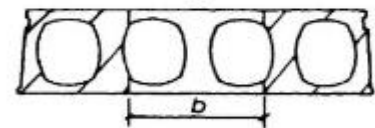
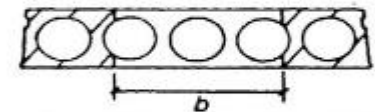
Chapter 4: design of the floor

4.14 Openings and block-outs (WIP)

- Small openings
- Large openings
 - Design charts
- Considerations in case FEM is used



Section AA, $b \leq 430$ mm



Section BB, $b \leq 600$ mm

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Chapter 5: Building physics

- 5.1 Thermal performances
- 5.2 Acoustic insulation
- 5.3 (Moisture content)

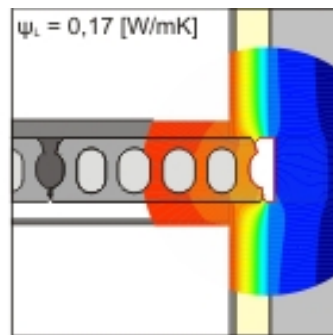
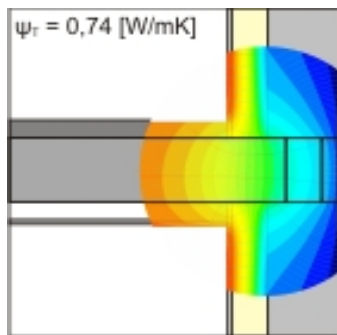


Office building with thermal activated floors – Hasselt - Belgium

Chapter 5: Building physics

5.1.1 Thermal insulation

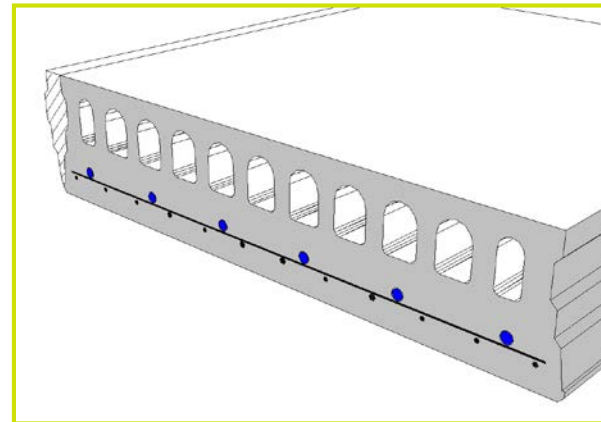
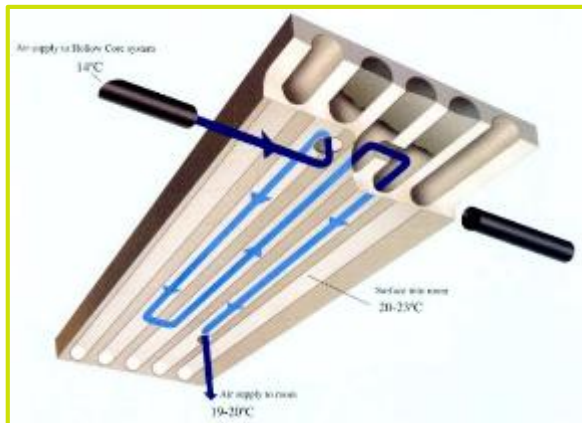
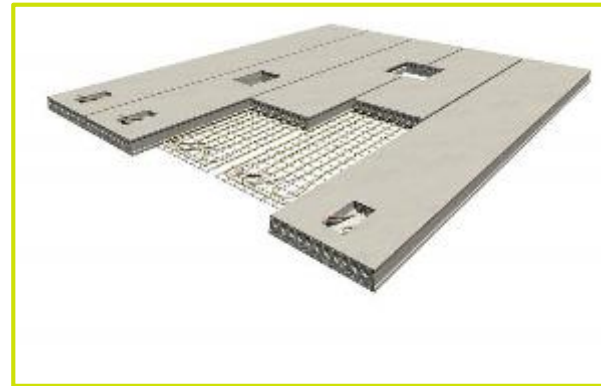
- **Insulated slabs;**
 - Mono
 - Duo
- **Reduction of thermal bridges;**
 - Lateral
 - Longitudinal



Chapter 5: Building physics

5.1.2 Thermal active floors

- Cooling and heating is integrated in the HC-slab
- Many examples :
 - Termodeck (SE)
 - ClimaDeck (BE)
 - Climate floor (NL)
 - Wingfloor (NL)
 - ...



Chapter 5: Building physics



Chapter 5: Building physics

5.2 Acoustic insulation

- Airborne sound
- Impact sound
- Solutions with hollowcore
 - Results from tests
 - Different configurations
 - ...



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Chapter 6: Environmental issues

General information

- “closed loop” factories
- 28% less primary energy consumption
- 40 to 50% less raw material
- 37,8% less generation of waste

...



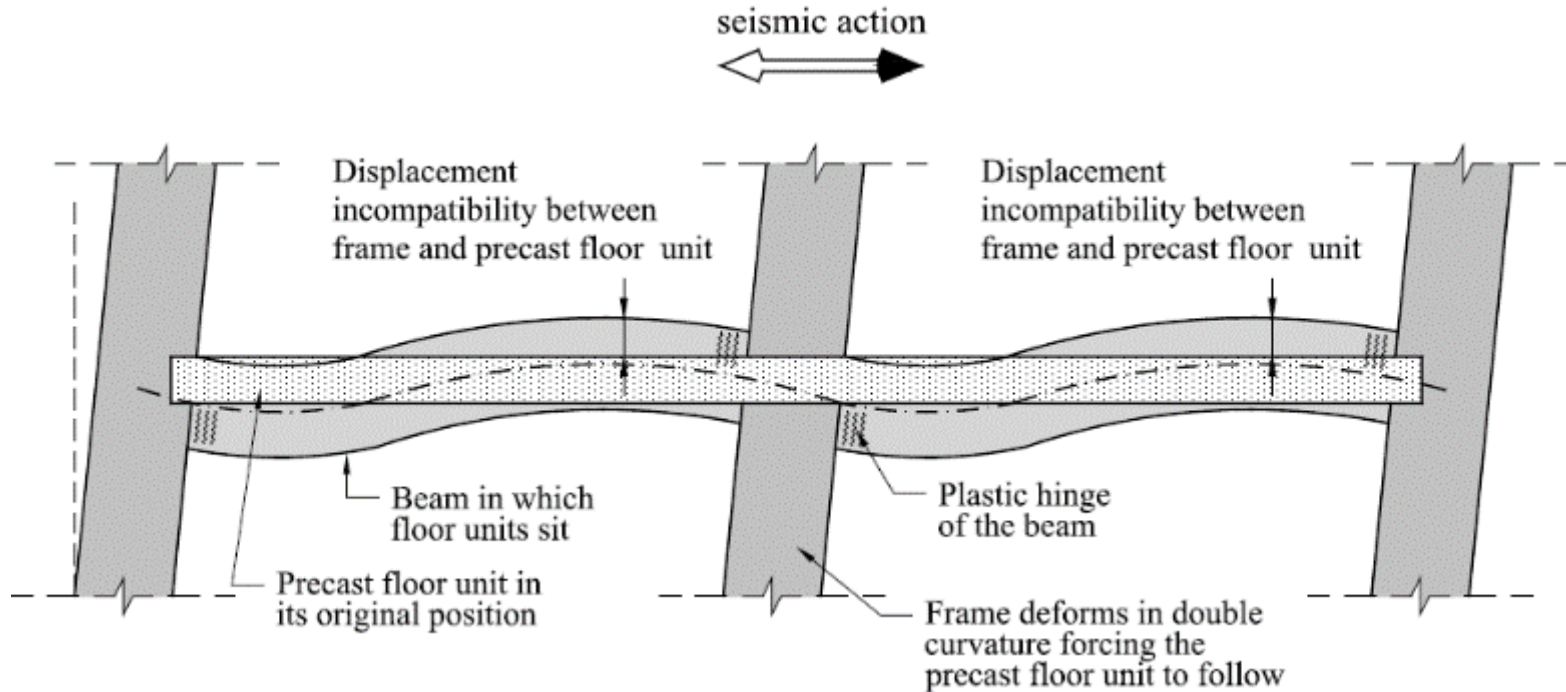
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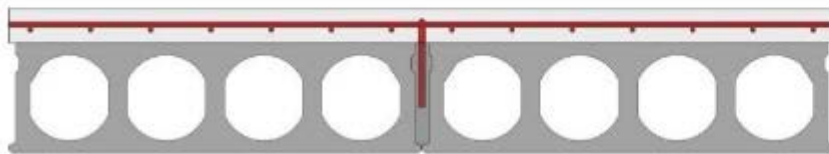
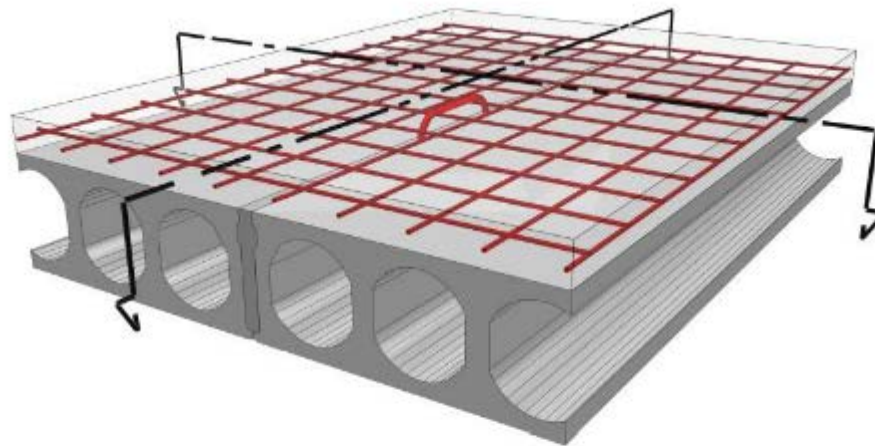
Chapter 7: Hollow core in seismic regions

7.4 Potential failure modes



Chapter 7: Hollow core in seismic regions

7.3 Diaphragm action of precast hollow-core floors in seismic actions



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Chapter 8: Design considerations – Finished HC

- 8.1 Dimensional tolerances
- 8.2 Slippage of prestressing tendons
- 8.3 Imperfections
- 8.4 Drainage holes
- 8.5 (Repair and retrofitting)
- 8.6 **Test methods: shear and material tests**

Chapter 8: Design considerations - manufacture

8.6 Test methods



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Chapter 9: Design considerations – Manufacture

- 9.1 During casting
- 9.2 Immediately after casting
- 9.3 Sawing of slabs
- 9.4 **Lifting of slabs**
- 9.5 Storage



Input from IPHA

- **Input from IPHA is highly appreciated**
 - Best practices
 - Acoustic insulation
 - Fixings in HC
 - Results
 - Punching
 - Terminology
 - Chapter in new recommendations
 - *fib* terminology tool under development
 - High resolution pictures
 - Pictures owned by your company
 - Educational
 - References (project, architect,...)



Future

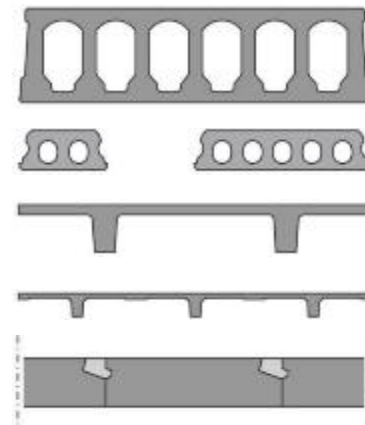
- **fib COM6 TG6.1 Prestressed Hollowcore Floors**



- **fib COM6 TG6.1 Floors**

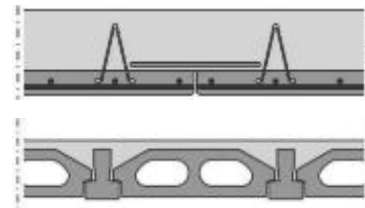
- **Precast**

- Hollowcore floors
- prestressed
- reinforced
- Prestressed ribbed floors
- Light ribbed roof elements
- Solid slab floors



- **Semi-Precast**

- Composite floor-plate floors
- Beam and block floors



THANK YOU
For your attention

Have a look at <http://www.fibcom6.org>

