

# IPHA PRODUCTION SEMINAR 2016

October 26–27. Lleida · Mollerussa, Catalonia

## Waste management: A Lean Production Perspective

Neil Skerne

United Precast Concrete



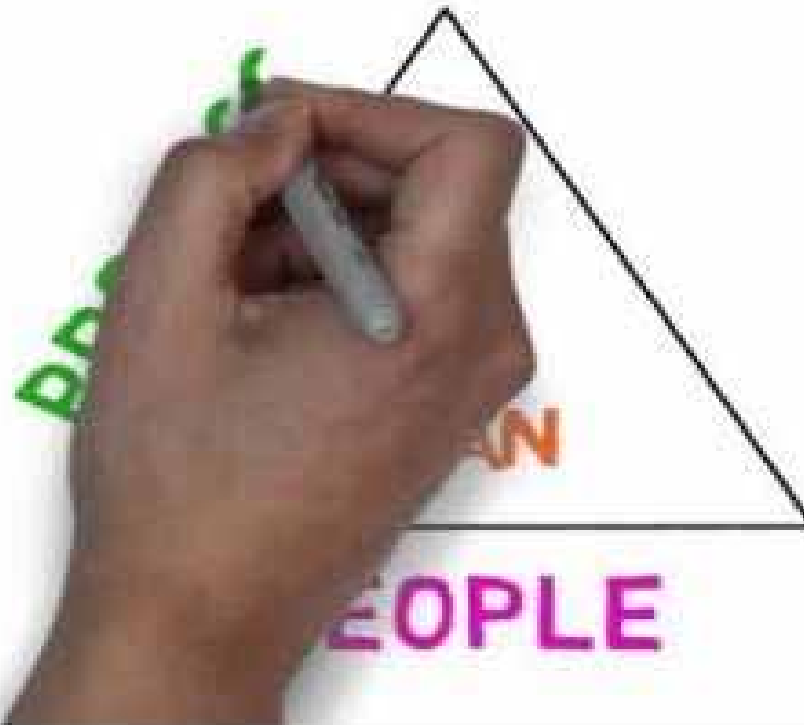
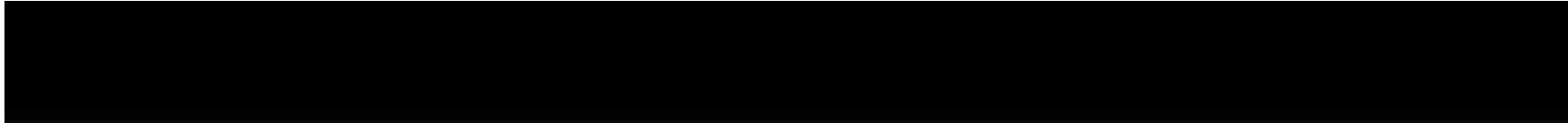
INTERNATIONAL PRESTRESSED  
HOLLOWCORE ASSOCIATION

in cooperation with

**Pujol**



# Introduction- what is lean production?

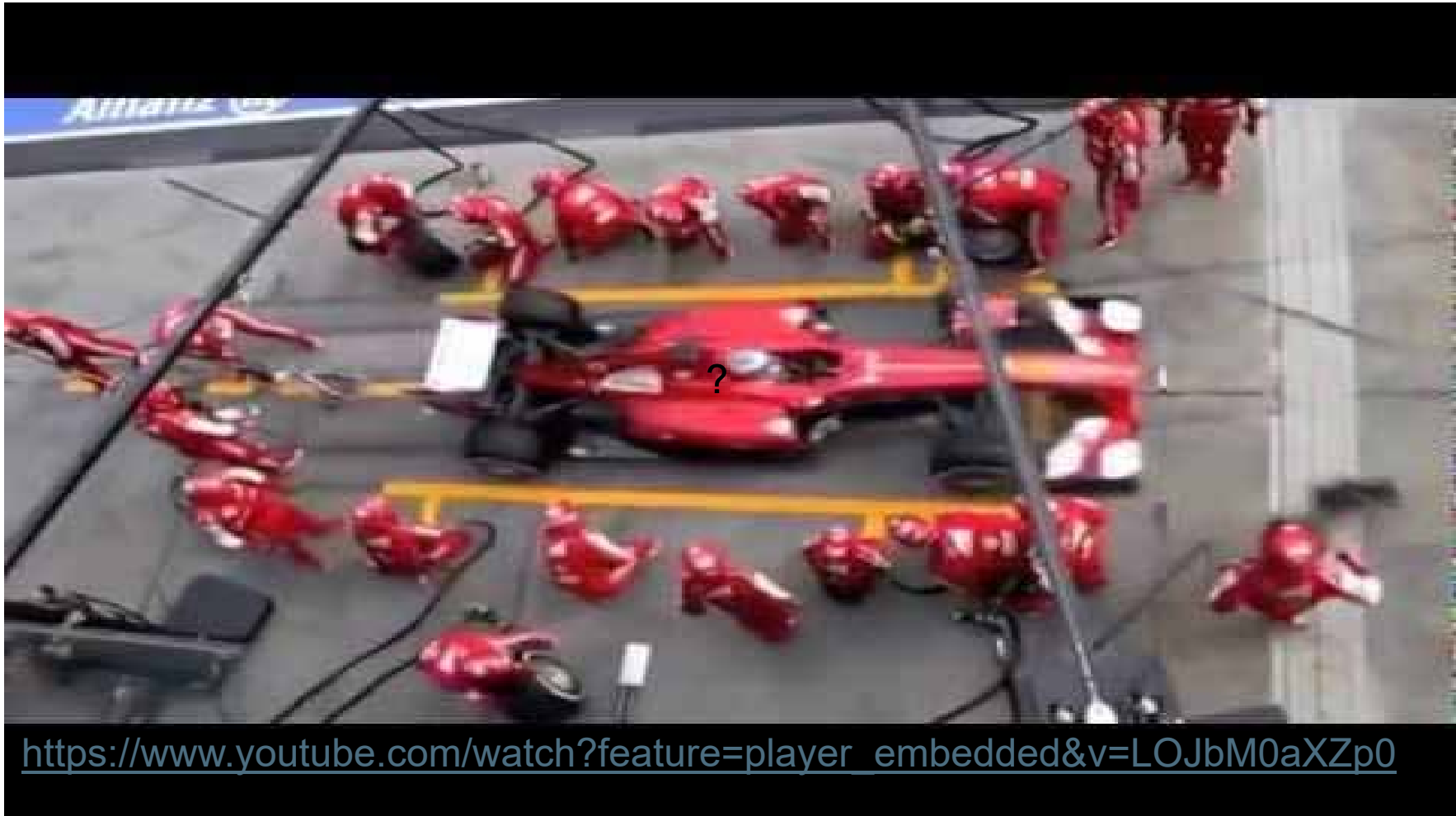


[https://www.youtube.com/watch?feature=player\\_embedded&v=N3DjSHHC1U4](https://www.youtube.com/watch?feature=player_embedded&v=N3DjSHHC1U4)

# Warning!



# Continuous improvement



[https://www.youtube.com/watch?feature=player\\_embedded&v=LOJbM0aXZp0](https://www.youtube.com/watch?feature=player_embedded&v=LOJbM0aXZp0)

# What is Value



# Value-added activities

**Lean Expert**

Value is defined from customer's perspective.

Anything that is not transformational is NVA.  
Anything that customer is not willing to pay for is Non Value Adding

**Quality Control Manager**

Oh my God!  
I and my team have been doing 100% NVA work for years.

## Non value-added activities – needed activities



# Non Value-Added - Not Needed Activities





# What is waste



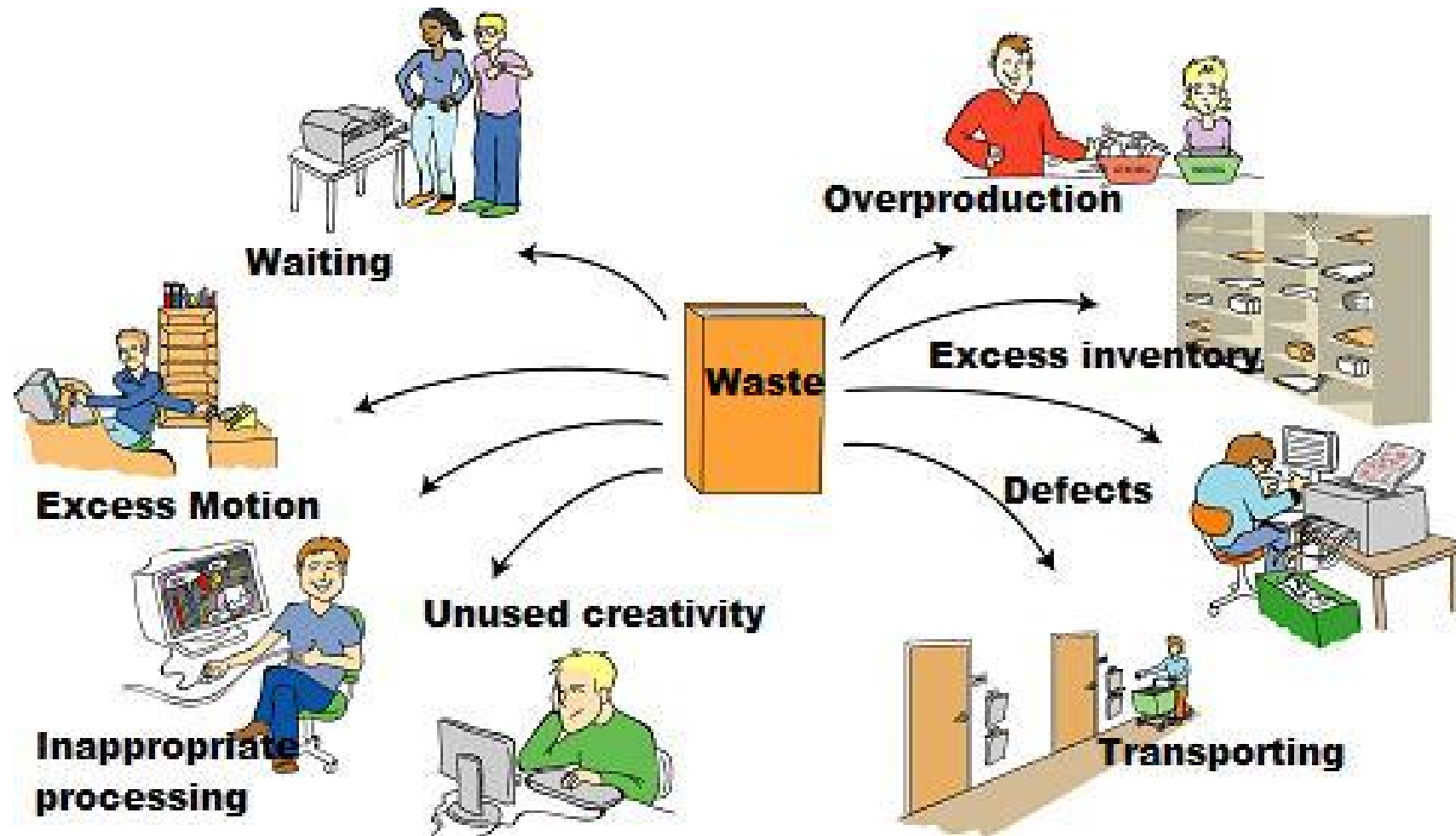
# Resources



# Lost opportunity



# 8 different types of waste



# Overproducing

- 1) **Overproducing**- Producing too much of something or producing it before it is required.



# Waiting

- 2) **Waiting**-Waiting for anything: people, materials, machines, or information.
  - Examples include:



# Extra processing

- **Extra Processing-** Processing things that the customer does not want or that do not add value for the customer



## Excess inventory

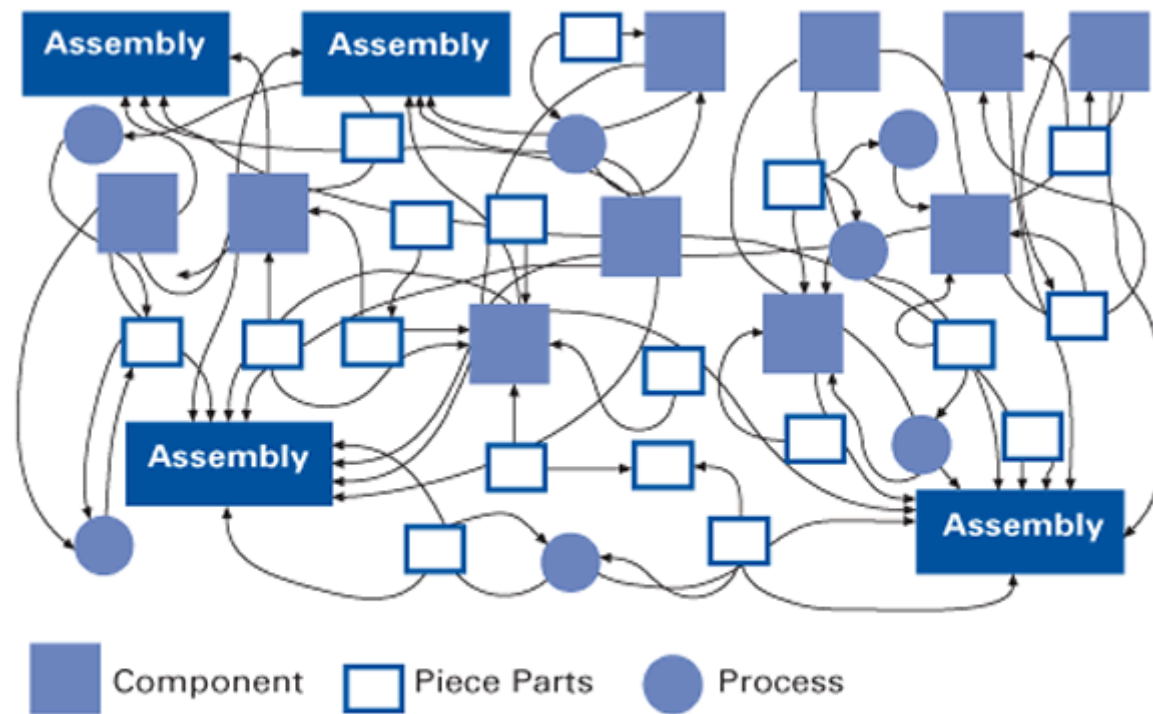
- **Excess Inventory-** Excess stock of anything that takes up space, can hurt safety, or may become obsolete.





# Excessive motion

- **Excessive Motion-** Any motion that is not necessary to the successful completion of an operation is waste.



Example of a spaghetti chart for product flows along value streams.

## Defects and corrections

- **Defects and Corrections-** Producing defective work that needs to be redone is waste.



# Transportation

- **Transportation-** Transporting something further than necessary or temporarily locating something is waste.



## Behaviours and underutilized people

- **Behaviours and Underutilized People (creativity)**-Not striving to improve process, rather maintaining status quo, is waste.

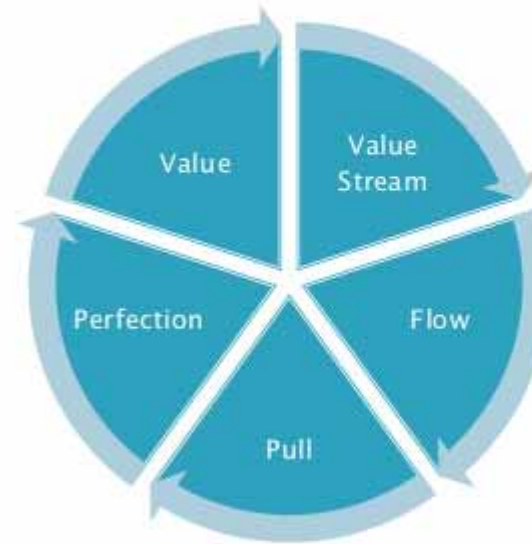


"This really is an innovative approach, but I'm afraid we can't consider it. It's never been done before."

# Implementing Lean

## 5 Principles of Lean

- ▶ 1. Identify and Map the Value Stream
- ▶ 2. Create Flow by Eliminating Waste
- ▶ 3. Respond to Customer Pull
- ▶ 4. Pursue Perfection
- ▶ 5. Identify Customers and Specify Value



(c) Ewan Pettigrew

36

# Implementing lean

Kaizen Report			
<b>Subject</b>		<b>Process / Project</b>	
<b>Before</b> (Include pictures, diagrams, etc.)		<b>After</b> (Include pictures, diagrams, etc.)	
<b>Benefits</b>		<input type="checkbox"/> Quality <input type="checkbox"/> Cost <input type="checkbox"/> Delivery <input type="checkbox"/> Efficiency <input type="checkbox"/> Waste <input type="checkbox"/> Safety <input type="checkbox"/> Energy <input type="checkbox"/> Moral <input type="checkbox"/> Other	
<b>Originated By</b>	<b>Validated By</b>	<b>Approved By</b>	<b>Contact Details</b>

# Process mapping

## Process Flow Mapping Symbols

```

graph TD
    Start([START]) --> Grab[Grab the Kettle]
    Grab --> Boiled{HAS THE WATER BOILED?}
    Boiled --> Wait[Wait]
    Wait --> Boiled
    Boiled --> Mug[Pour into Mug]
    Mug --> Drink[Drink]
    Drink --> End([END])
    
```

Symbol	Represents	Examples
	Start / Stop	Receive order
	Decision Point	Approve / Disapprove Accept / Reject Yes / No
	Activity	Place the ingredients into the mixer
	Connector (to another page or part of the process)	
	Direction of Flow	

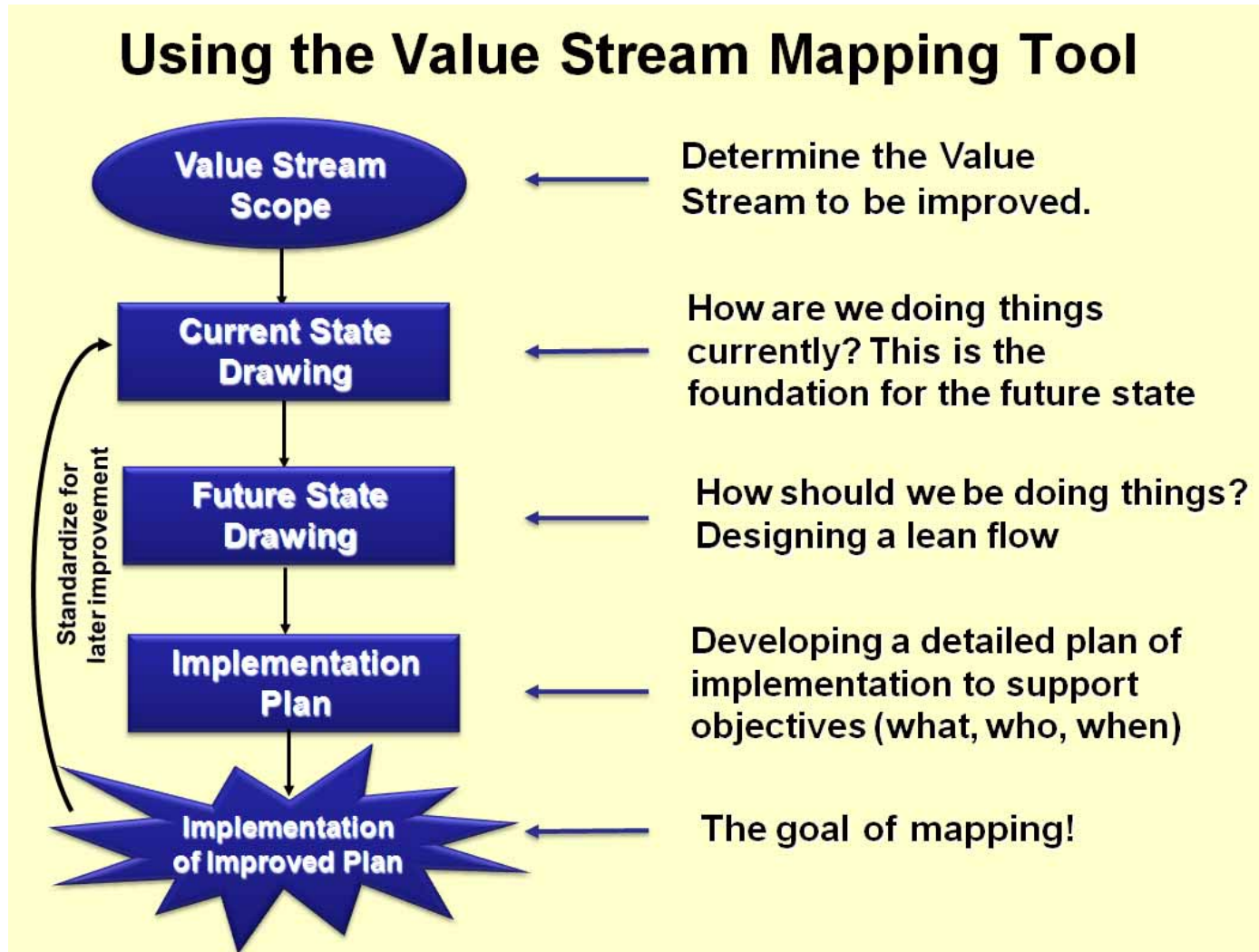
smallbizKaizen.com

© 2010

Continuous Improvement  
 Inspiration for Entrepreneurs

# Value Stream mapping

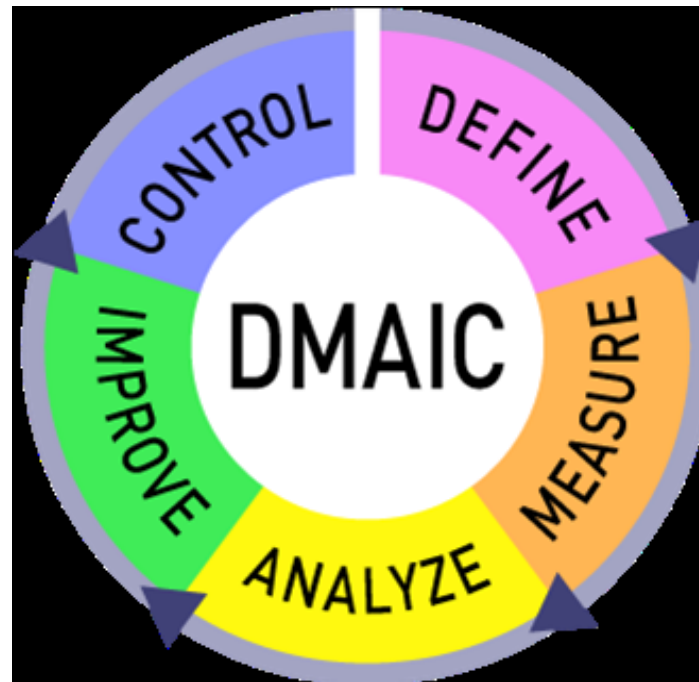
## Using the Value Stream Mapping Tool



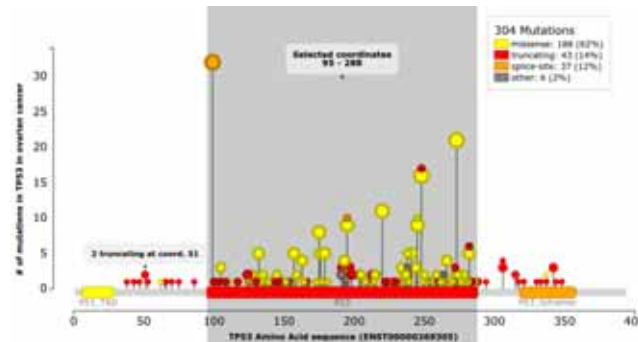
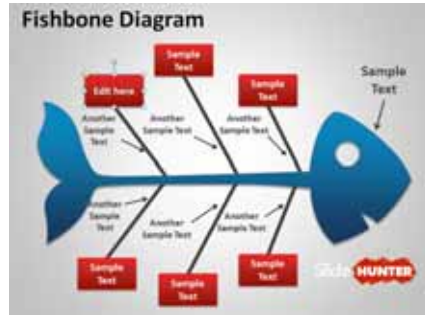


# DMAIC Cycle

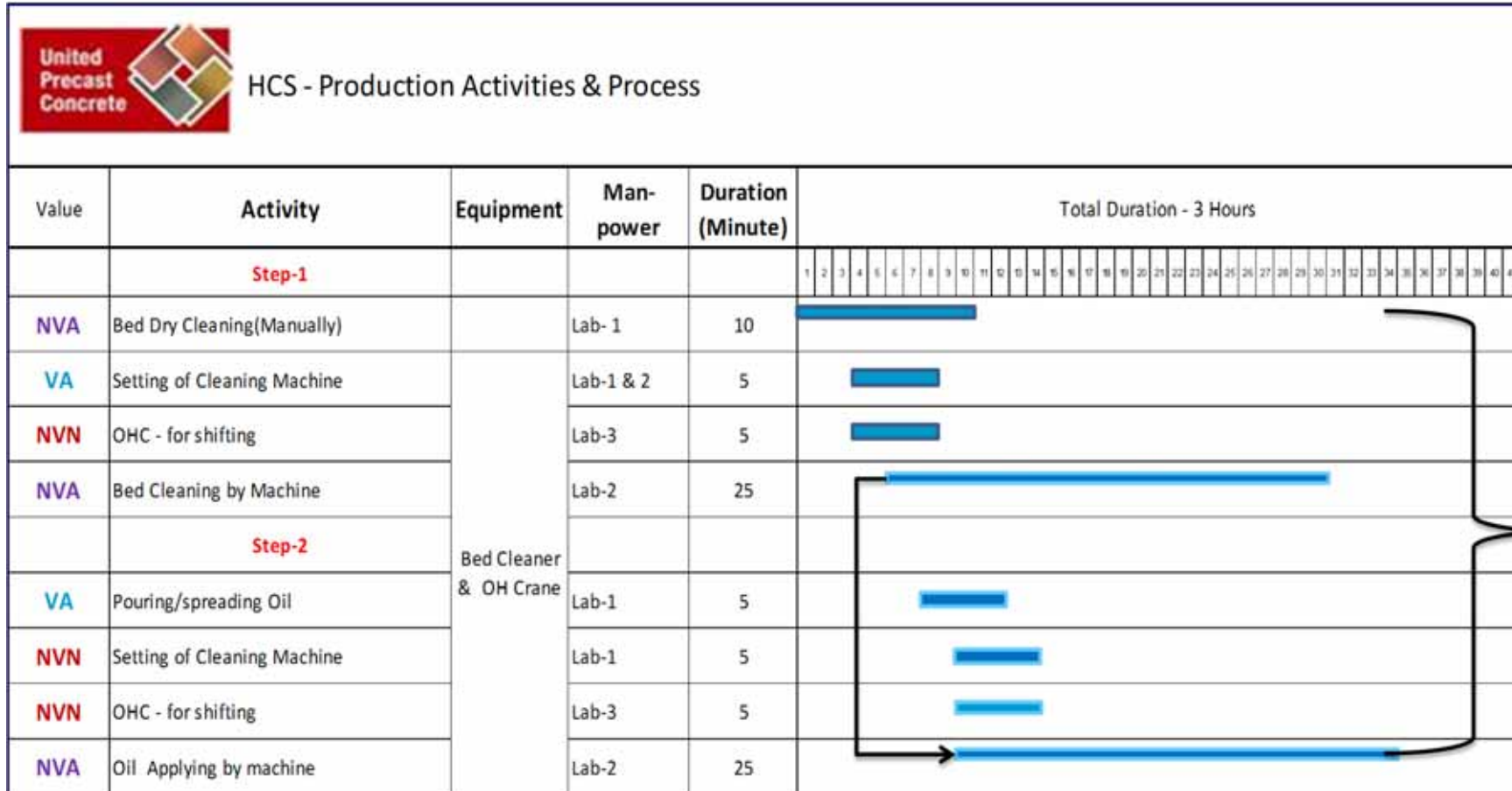
- Define
- Measure
- Analyze
- Improve
- Control



# Other useful tools



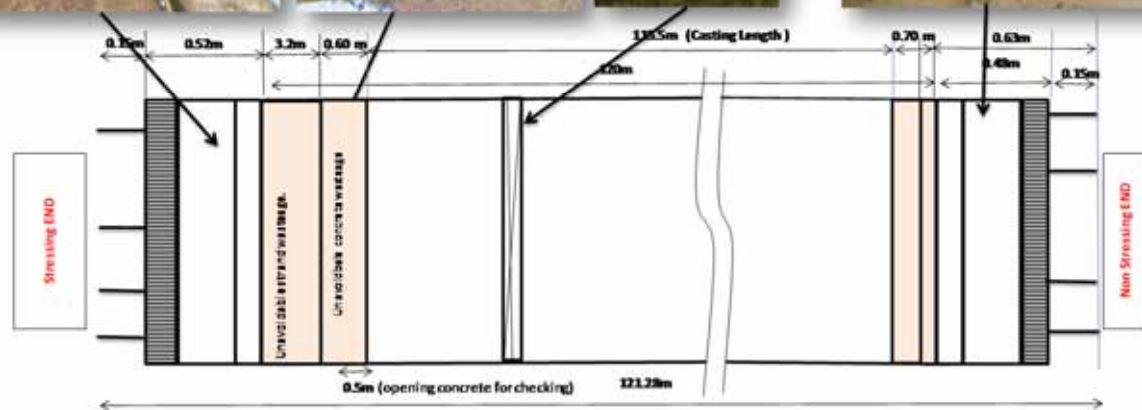
# Case study HCS production



# Define

Diagram of HCS Waste Measurements - DUBAI Factory

BAY-1



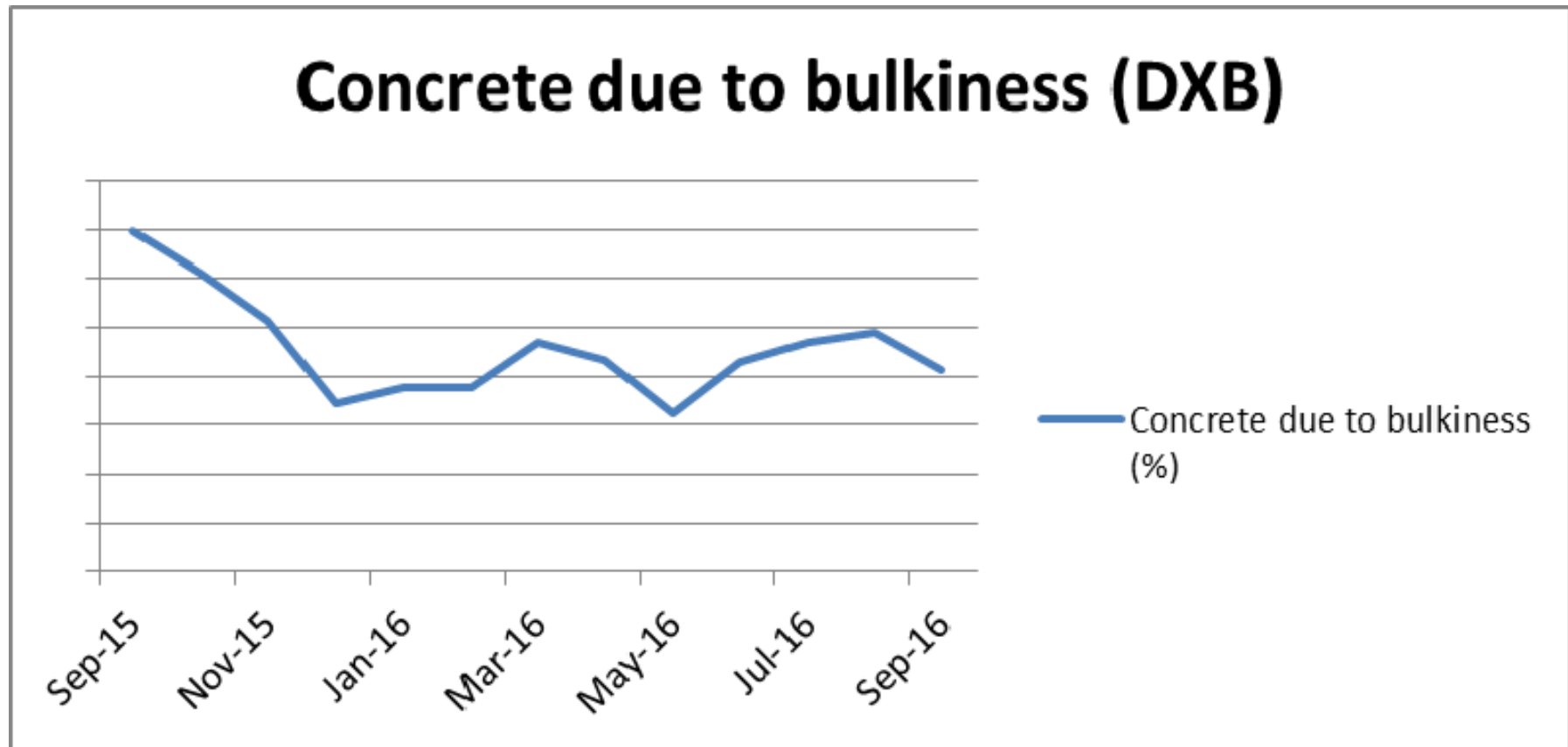
Over all Length - 121.30 mtrs  
Usable Length - 114.60 mtrs

thickness		usable length	Unavoidable strand wastage %	Unavoidable Concrete Wastage
150	N	115.5	4.78%	1.28%
	T	115	5.19%	1.30%
200	N	115.5	4.78%	1.35%
	T	115	5.19%	1.37%
265	N	115.5	4.78%	1.54%
	T	114.6	5.52%	1.57%

# Brainstorm

number	identified challenge	proposed action	Benefits	updates	sponsor	owner	start date	completion date
1	<p><b>Proper detailed Planning:</b> Detailed planning with Resource including time scale is required, site staff are not aware of the USM allocation with regards to comercial aspects allowable with regards to manpower/materials for the project, specific inclusion/exclusion for scope of works, time duration for project completion as per LOI/SC.</p>	<p>detailed planning is required by SE/PM Before starting jobs- need more training TO SE/sup/Foremens Allocated SE to be educated by concerned PM of all the identified challenges (highlighted besides)parameters in cordintation/assistance of the concerned project Manager prior to commecemnet of the project. Allocated SUP/FOREMEN to be clearly educted (by PM/SE) with regards to daily targets (for all activities) required to be achieved with optimum use of allowable material to control project labour/materal cost . Project manhour and materal montioring to be implemented on a weekly basis and necessary measures to contol the same to be taken up as and when required. Proper detailed site estimate to be prepared by the SE (in cordination/assistance with relevant Project Managers) and relevantly track the daily weekly and monthly manhour/material spent across the project duration.Finally SE/Sup. to prepare detailed three days look ahaed programme with element mark/loads/times etc. to avoid any etc time waste &amp; one adavncreconfirm the same to all concerens .</p>	<p>Long terms cost benefis -like productivity will be high, less ideal time for erection &amp; trailors etc.labour and material expenses will be incontrol which will yeild profits at project completion , This will help to achive more than 4 pcs an hour.</p>					

# Bulkiness example



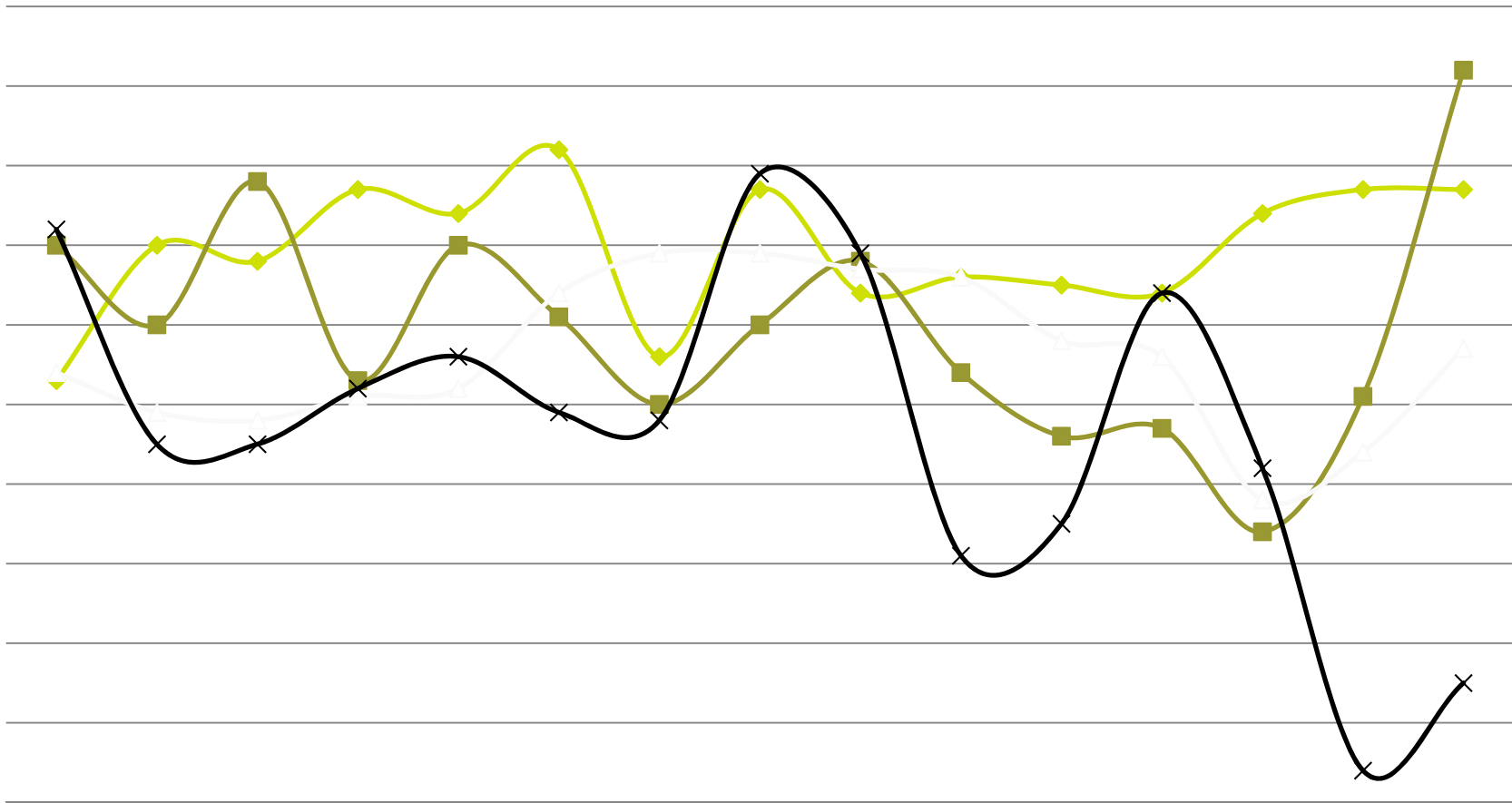
# Benchmarking

FACTORY >>>		Unit	DUBAI		ABU DHABI		BAHRAIN		QATAR		
			Last 12 Months	Last Month	Last 12 Months	Last Month	Last 12 Months	Last Month	Last 12 Months	Last Month	
CONCRETE VOLUME	Allowable Theoretical Volume.	m <sup>3</sup>									
	Actual conc. Volume	m <sup>3</sup>									
	Total Concrete waste	m <sup>3</sup> %									
	Concrete due to bulkiness	m <sup>3</sup> %									
	Concrete used for corefill.	m <sup>3</sup> %									
	Concrete waste due to Machine break down	m <sup>3</sup> %									
	STRANDS	Allowable Theoretical									
Actual consumed		ton									
Total strand waste		ton %									
Unavoidable waste		ton %									
Design waste		ton %									
Due to rejected		ton %									
Due to optimising		ton %									

# Checking trends monthly

### Concrete Waste (%)

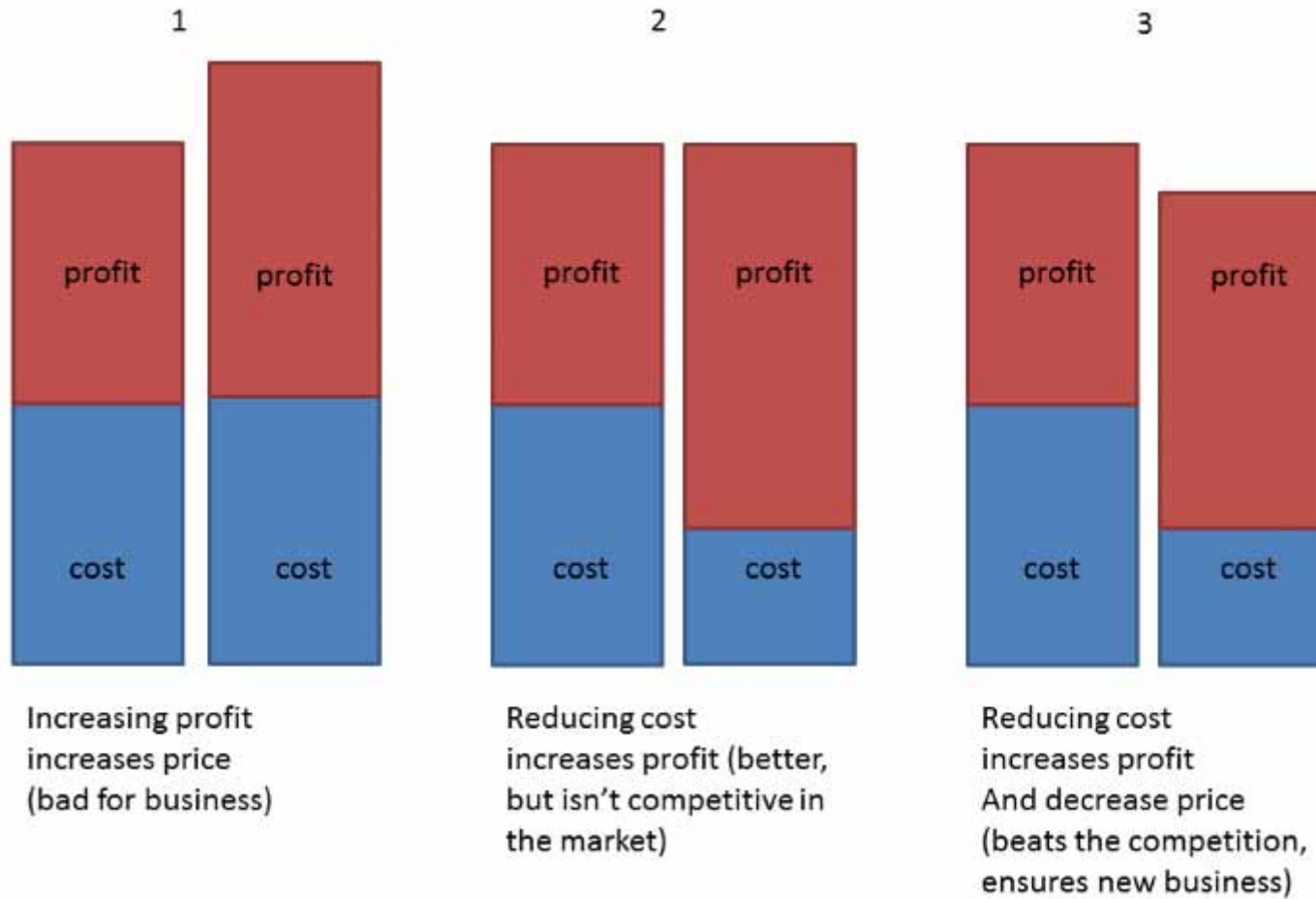
UPC Dubai    UPC Abu Dhabi    BPC Bahrain    UPC Qatar



16



# Closing



# Where will your journey take you?

